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IS: 5064 - 1980

Indian Standard SPECIFICATION FOR TAPIOCA SPENT PULP AS LIVESTOCK FEED (First Revision)

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INDIAN STANDARDS INSTITUTION MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002

January 1981

AMENDMENT NO. 1 JULY 1995 TO IS 5064: 1980 SPECIFICATION FOR TAPIOCA SPENT PULP AS LIVESTOCK FEED

(First Revision)

(Page 6, clause 5.2, line 1) — Substitute 'IS 1070	1992' for 'IS . 1070 -
1977' and in the corresponding foot-note, substitute 'Reag	gent grade water (third
revision)' for the existing foot-note	

(FAD 5)

Reprography Unit, BIS, New Delhi, India

Indian Standard

SPECIFICATION FOR TAPIOCA SPENT PULP AS LIVESTOCK FEED

(First Revision)

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Indian Standard SPECIFICATION FOR TAPIOCA SPENT PULP AS LIVESTOCK FEED

(First Revision)

0. FOREWORD

- 0.1 This Indian Standard (First Revision) was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 28 August 1980, after the draft finalized by the Animal Feeds Sectional Committee had been approved by the Agricultural and Food Products Division Council.
- 0.2 Tapioca spent pulp is a by-product of the tapioca starch industry. The spent pulp which has a high content of soluble carbohydrates may be very successfully used as a source of energy in livestock feeds. In view of the availability of large quantity of tapioca spent pulp, it was considered necessary to prepare an Indian Standard specification for this product. It is expected that this standard would help the compound feed manufacturers as also other users for procuring tapioca spent pulp of a desired quality.
- 0.3 This standard was first published in 1969. It is being updated.
- 0.4 For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS: 2-1960*. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

1. SCOPE

1.1 This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of sampling and test for tapioca spent pulp meant for livestock feeding.

2. REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Description — Tapioca spent pulp shall be the product obtained after the starch has been extracted from the topioca tubers. The extracted material is subsequently dried either in the artificial driers or in

^{*}Rules for rounding off numerical values (revised).

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the sun and pulverized. Dried tapioca spent pulp shall be in the form of a coarse powder having a creamy white to light brown colour. The material shall be free from adulterants; musty, stale or other objectionable odour; and from extraneous matter. The material shall be free from fungus and insect infestation.

2.2 Tapioca spent pulp shall also conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

TABLE 1 REQUIREMENTS FOR TAPIOCA SPENT PULP AS LIVESTOCK FEED

Sz. No.	Characteristic	REQUIREMENT	METHOD OF TEST, REF TO CLAUSE NO. OF IS: 7874 (Part I)-1975*
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
i)	Moisture, percent by mass, Max	10	4
ii)	Crude protein (N × 6.25), percent by mass, Min	2	5
iii)	Crude fibre, percent by mass, Max	15	8
iv)	Total ash, percent by mass, Max	3	9
v)	Acid insoluble ash, percent by mass, Max	1.2	10

Note - Requirements for items (ii) to (v) are on moisture-free basis.

3. PACKING

- 3.1 Unless otherwise agreed between the purchaser and the vendor, tapioca spent pulp shall be packed in clean and sound jute or laminated bags. The mouth of each bag shall be either machine-stitched or rolled over or hand-stitched.
- 3.2 Marking Each bag shall be suitably marked or labelled so as to give the following information:
 - a) Name of the material,
 - b) Name of the manufacturer,
 - c) Net mass of the contents, and
 - d) Batch or code number.

^{*}Methods of tests for animal feeds and feeding stuff; Part I General methods.

3.2.1 Each bag may also be marked with the ISI Certification Mark.

NOTE — The use of the ISI Certification Mark is governed by the provisions of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Act and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder. The ISI Mark on products covered by an Indian Standard conveys the assurance that they have been produced to comply with the requirements of that standard under a well-defined system of inspection, testing and quality control which is devised and supervised by ISI and operated by the producer. ISI marked products are also continuously checked by ISI for conformity to that standard as a further safeguard. Details of conditions under which a licence for the use of the ISI Certification Mark may be granted to manufacturers or processors, may be obtained from the Indian Standards Institution.

4. SAMPLING AND CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY

- 4.1 Sampling The representative samples of the material for tests shall be drawn according to the method prescribed in Appendix C of IS: 2052-1979*.
- 4.2 Number of Tests Tests for crude protein and acid insoluble ash shall be conducted individually on each of the samples constituting a set of test samples while the tests of the remaining characteristics specified in Table 1, shall be conducted on the composite sample.
- 4.3 Criteria for Conformity A lot shall be considered as conforming to the specification, when:
 - a) each of the test results for crude protein and acid insoluble ash satisfied the requirements as specified in Table 1, and
 - b) the test results on the composite sample satisfy the requirements for the remaining characteristics specified in Table 1.
- 4.3.1 If one or more test results do not satisfy the requirements for crude protein and acid insoluble ash the procedure in 4.3.1.1 shall be adopted for determining the conformity of the material for these two characteristics.
 - 4.3.1.1 Calculate the mean and range as follows:
 - Mean $(\bar{X}) = \frac{\text{sum of-the test results}}{\text{Number of test samples}}$
 - Range (R) = Difference between the maximum and the minimum values of the test results

The requirements for crude protein and acid insoluble ash shall be considered as fulfilled if:

 \bar{X} — 0.4 R is equal to or greater than the requirement for crude protien, and

^{*}Specification for compounded feeds for cattle (third revision).

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 \ddot{X} + 0.4 R is less than or equal to the requirement for acid insoluble ash.

5. TESTS

- 5.1 Tests shall be carried out as prescribed in col 4 of Table 1.
- 5.2 Pure chemicals and distilled water (see IS: 1070-1977*) shall be employed in tests.

Note — 'Pure chemicals' shall mean chemicals that do not contain impurities which affect the results.

^{*}Specification for water for general laboratory use (second revision).

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INDIAN STANDARDS

9599-1980 Rubber seed cake as livestock feed

ON

LIVESTOCK FEEDS

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1712-1970	Cottonseed oilcake as livestock feed (first revision)
1713-1970	Decorticated groundnut oilcake as livestock feed (first revision)
1932-1972	Mustard and rape oilcake as livestock feed (first revision)
1934-1961	Sesamum (TIL) oilcake as livestock feed
1935-1961	Linseed oilcake as livestock feed
2151-1962	Maize germ oilcake
2154-1972	Coconut oilcake as livestock feed (first revision)
2503-1963	Decorticated safflower (KARDI) oilcake as livestock feed
3440-1966	Solvent extracted linseed oilcake (meal) as livestock feed
3441-1966	Solvent extracted groundnut oilcake (meal) as livestock feed
3591-1968	Solvent extracted coconut oilcake (meal) as livestock feed (first revision)
3592-1968	Solvent extracted cottonseed orlcake (meal) as livestock feed (first revision)
3593-19 68	Solvent extracted rice bran as livestock feed (first revision)
5064-1980	Tapioca spent pulp as livestock feed (first revision)
5862-1 970	Solvent extracted nigerseed oilcake (meal) as livestock feed
6242-1971	Solvent extracted safflower oilcake (meal) as livestock feed
705 9- 1973	Solvent extracted sal seed meal for feeding livestock

INTERNATIONAL SYSTEM OF UNITS (SI UNITS)

Base	Un	its
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QUANTITY	Unit	SYMBOL
Length	metre	m
Mass	kilogram	kg
Time	second	
Electric current	ampere	A
Thermodynamic temperature	kelvin	K
Luminous intensity	candela	ed
Amount of substance	mole	mol

Supplementary Units

QUANTITY	Unit	Symbol	
Plane angle	radian	rad	
Solid angle	steradian	ar	

Derived Units

QUANTITY	Unit	Бумвор	DEFINITION
Force	newton	N	$1 N = 1 kg.m/s^2$
Energy	joule	J	1 J = 1 N,m
Power	watt	W	1 W - 1 J/s
Flux	weber	Wb	1 Wb - 1 V.s
Flux density	tesla.	T	$1 T = 1 \text{ Wb/m}^s$
Frequency	hertz	Hs	$1 \text{ Hz} = 1 \text{ c/s (s}^{-1})$
Electric conductance	siemens	S	1 - 8 = 1 A/V
Electromotive force	volt	V	1 V = 1 W/A
Pressure, stress	pascal	Pa	1 Pa - 1 N/m ²

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